Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2014

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Members of the Board of Education West Northfield School District 31 Northbrook, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Northfield School District 31, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise West Northfield School District 31's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

West Northfield School District 31's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

(Continued)



The Members of the Board of Education West Northfield School District 31 Northbrook, Illinois

(Continued)

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Northfield School District 31, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note L to the audited financial statements, net position as of July 1, 2013 has been restated mainly as a result of an adjustment to properly record the balance of capital assets. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 12, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund historical data on page 48, the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 49 through 64, and notes to required supplementary information on page 65 and 66 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2014 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise West Northfield School District 31's basic financial statements. The other schedules listed in the table of contents in the supplementary financial information and other supplemental information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

-2- (Continued)

(Continued)

Other Information (Continued)

The supplementary financial information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary financial information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole, for the year ended June 30, 2014.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of West Northfield School District 31, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2013, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual for the Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2013 financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual for the Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2013 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual for the Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2013.

The other supplemental information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

(Continued)

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2014 on our consideration of West Northfield School District 31's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering West Northfield School District 31's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MILLER, COOPER & CO., LTD.

Miller, Cooper & Co., Ltd.

Certified Public Accountants

Deerfield, Illinois November 10, 2014

The management discussion and analysis of West Northfield School District 31's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2014. The management of the District encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

Financial Highlights

- The District continues to maintain a healthy financial position with an unrestricted net position making up 51% of the total net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$16,409 of revenues, or 81% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of state categorical reimbursements and state/federal grants accounted for \$3,336, or 17%, of the total revenues of \$20,141.
- The District had \$16,580 in program expenditures related to governmental activities. However, only \$3,336 was offset by state and federal reimbursements or grants. This includes the TRS "onbehalf" payments of \$2,523.
- The District has \$950 remaining due on its long-term general obligation bonds, as of June 30, 2014 with \$605 due within one year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This management discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the basic financial statements.

This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary financial information, and other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position – Governmental Activities presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities for government activities presents information showing how the government's net position has changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in the net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Government-wide financial statements (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements present the functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The District has no business-type activities; that is, functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District's governmental activities include instructional services regular education, special education, other instructional programs, state retirement contributions, and supporting services, including general and school administration, business, operations and maintenance of facilities, and transportation services.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The fiduciary funds relate to the revenues and expenses associated with Student Activities.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a school district's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund (Educational Account, Tort Immunity and Judgment Account, and Working Cash Account), Operations and Maintenance, Transportation, Municipal Retirement/Social Security, Debt Service, and Capital Projects, all of which are considered to be major funds.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of students. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that for the entity-wide financial statements.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its noncertified employees, as well as supplementary information and other supplemental information.

District-Wide Financial Analysis

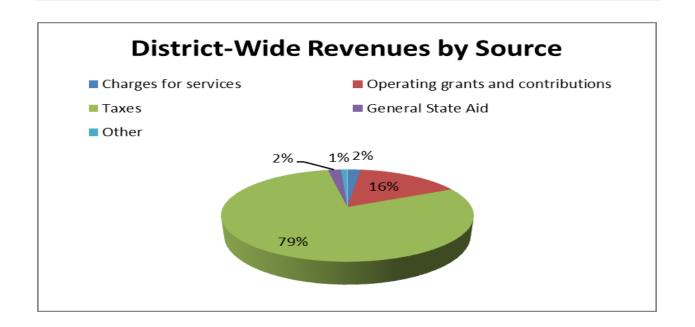
The District's combined net position was higher on June 30, 2014 than the previous year, increasing 23.0% to \$19,078. The unrestricted portion of the net position increased over 70% which is mainly due to referendum receipts. Long-term liabilities illustrate a significant decrease of 60.5% due to the reduction of debt service.

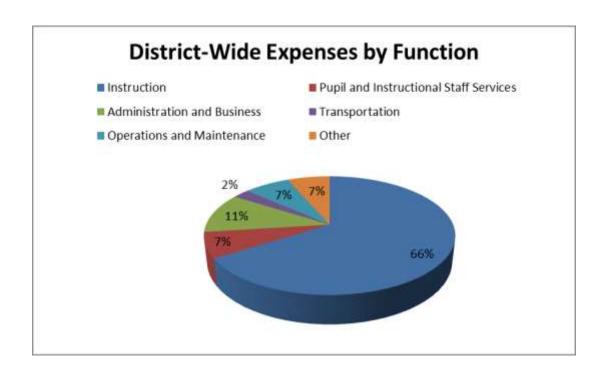
TABLE 1:								
Condensed Statements of Net Position (formerly Statement of Net Assets)								
(in thousands of dollars)								
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013 (as restated)</u>						
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$ 20,616	\$18,106						
Capital Assets, net	7,145	<u>7,586</u>						
Total Assets	27,761	<u>25,692</u>						
Liabilities:								
Current Liabilities	232	216						
Long-term debt outstanding	<u>1,296</u>	<u>2,034</u>						
Total Liabilities	_1,528	<u>2,250</u>						
Deferred Inflow of Resources:								
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	<u>7,155</u>	<u>7,924</u>						
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	<u>7,155</u>	<u>7,924</u>						
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	5,950	7,289						
Restricted	3,317	2,693						
Unrestricted	<u>9,811</u>	<u>5,536</u>						
Total Net Position	\$ 19,078	\$15,518						

TABLE 2:		
Changes in Net Position – Governmental Activities		
(in thousands of dollars)		
	<u>2014</u>	2013 (as
		restated)
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 396	\$ 244
Operating grants and contributions	3,336	2,722
General Revenues:		
Property & Replacement Taxes	15,852	12,129
General state aid	334	302
Other	223	235
Total Revenues	20,141	<u>15,632</u>
Expenses:		
Instruction	10,962	9,770
Pupil and instructional staff services	1,112	1,015
Administration and business	1,792	1,870
Transportation	443	365
Operations and maintenance	1,139	1,053
Other	1,132	<u>994</u>
Total Expenses	16,580	15,067
Excess of revenues over expenses	3,561	<u>565</u>
Increase in net position	\$ 3,561	\$565

Property and replacement taxes accounted for the largest portion of the District's revenues, contributing 79% of governmental activity revenues. The remainder of revenues came from General State Aid, state and federal grants, and other local sources, including registration fees. The total cost of programs was \$16,580, with approximately 93% of those costs being directly related to instruction and support services for students.

Revenues in the governmental activities of the District of \$20,141 were \$3,561 higher than expenses. The increase reflected in this statement's net position illustrates a 29% increase in revenues. This increase stems from the referendum receipts collected during the fall of 2013 property tax distributions, as well as an increase in state retirement contributions, personal property replacement tax receipts, and state aid. The 10% increase in overall expenses occurred due to a 31% increase in state retirement contributions and a 7.5% increase in the remaining costs associated with instruction.





Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The strong financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its government funds. At year-end, the District's government funds reported total fund balance of \$13,227 compared to the prior year's total fund balance of \$9,964.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund on the Governmental Funds report consists of activity related to the Education Account, Working Cash Account, and the Tort Account. Revenues in the General Fund exceeded the prior year's by \$4,336, primarily as a result of an increase in property tax receipts from the referendum and state aid, which includes Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) "on behalf" payments made by the state. Expenditures were \$1,242 more primarily due to the same TRS state contributions when shown as an expense, as well as other instructional program costs and non-programmed charges.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets

By the end of fiscal year 2014, the District had compiled total capital assets of approximately \$7,145, net of accumulated depreciation, from a broad range of assets including buildings, land, and equipment. The net capital assets balance as of July 1, 2013 has been restated from \$11,988 to \$7,586, as the result of a capital asset inventory. The inventory was performed to provide an accurate representation of capital assets in use in the District. More detailed information about the restatement can be found in Note L of the basic financial statements.

TABLE 3: Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in thousands of dollars)		
	<u>2014</u>	2013
		(as restated)
Land and construction in progress	\$ 81	\$ 81
Construction in progress	50	-
Buildings and improvements	6,787	7,233
Equipment and other	227	272
Total	\$7,145	\$7,586

Long-term debt

The District has \$950 in long-term bonded debt with \$605 due within one year. More detailed information on long-term debt can be found in Note F of the basic financial statements.

TABLE 4: Outstanding Long-Term Debt (in thousands of dollars)		
	<u>2014</u>	2013 (as restated)
General obligation bonds	\$ 950	\$ 1,645
Capital leases OPEB	245 30	297 39
Compensated absences	71	53
Total	\$ 1,296	\$ 2,034

Factors bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that will significantly affect the financial operations in the future:

- The District continues to monitor the impact the current economic climate has on its finances. The rate of return on investments continues to remain low.
- As mentioned throughout the text of this report, the expected receipts from the passage of the referendum were received in the fall of 2013. This referendum provided for an additional \$1.55 million increase approved by the voters to be added to the prior year's property tax extensions when determining the 2013 levy. As with a successful referendum, the effect of this will be included in the property tax extension base moving forward.
- In the 2013 tax year, the Astellas Corporation exercised the first year of its 7(b) tax incentive that was awarded through the Village of Glenview.
- The GlenStar development project, located adjacent to the Astellas Pharmaceutical Corporation, received the approval of the Village of Glenview during fiscal year 2013 and construction is well underway on the residential section, as well as a significant portion of the commercial property developments. When completed, the residential component will consist of 290 studio, one-bedroom, and two-bedroom apartments. The plans approved for the commercial development include Mariano's, LA Fitness, a bank, Gardner Daycare, CVS Pharmacy, and other business establishments. This development will add to the District's tax base and will bring in additional tax dollars as new property. To date, this development is not expected to receive any type of tax incentive by the Village.

Factors bearing on the District's Future (continued)

- The 20-unit townhome development within District boundaries on Sanders and Milwaukee is now completed and occupied. These units include three residential buildings in a two- and three-story format. This is additional new property that will also increase the tax base and the District's EAV.
- An additional development on the Mission Hills Golf Course is also being reviewed for approval.
 This proposed development by Red Seal Development Corporation would consist of 21 single family homes, 82 townhomes, and 34 duplex units. Based on the fiscal study, at full build-out, the EAV of the development is anticipated to be over \$22 million. At the time of this report, hearings are still being conducted.
- The District continues to work with stakeholders currently involved in large property tax appeals in order to minimize the impact to the District, while having secured a manageable process for the future. Currently, the largest of the corporate property tax appeals continues in the litigation process for the tax years 2004 through 2006, with the 2007 through 2009 triennial to follow. For the 2010 through 2012 tax years, and 2013 through 2015 tax years, settlement agreements were reached with regard to the valuation of the three Allstate properties that are involved in the appeals. The District has greatly mitigated the possible outcomes by meeting on a triennial basis with these stakeholders in order to determine a fair value of the properties before the tax bills are distributed. These agreements protect the District's revenues in regards to those tax years and may eliminate the impact on the school district's finances for those years, as appeals by any party can only be made if there is a significant change to the properties. The parties involved in these settlement agreements plan to continue this proactive approach to protecting the District's assets and providing a fair platform for all involved. At this point in time, there is no indication of a timeframe in which the 2004-2006 triennial will conclude its litigation.
- This District continues to monitor state fiscal policies including pension reform, which if put in place, would negatively impact District funding and increase costs in the future.
- Future employer health care costs are unknown due to health care reform under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act. The District is working with its insurance carriers to stay proactive.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives.

If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the District's Chief School Business Official, at 847-313-4413.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES $\underline{\text{June 30, 2014}}$

ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	13,280,345
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		7.770
Interest Property taxes		7,778 7,154,873
Replacement taxes		68,104
Intergovernmental		82,009
Prepaid items		22,973
Capital assets:		01 202
Land Construction in progress		81,393 50,241
Depreciable buildings, property, and equipment, net		7,013,254
Total assets		27,760,970
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		51,232
Other current liabilities		24,876
Interest payable		3,165
Unearned revenue		152,693
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year		846,280
Due after one year		449,565
·		<u> </u>
Total liabilities		1,527,811
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable property tax revenue		7,154,873
	· ·	
Total deferred inflows		7,154,873
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		5,950,015
Restricted For:		
Operations and maintenance		1,002,073
Debt service		762,647
Student transportation		225,563
Retirement benefits Conited projects		184,214
Capital projects Tort immunity		1,142,163 34
Unrestricted		9,811,577
Total net position	\$	19,078,286

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			PROGRAM REVENUES					et (Expenses)	
			Operating			-	levenue and		
			(Charges for	Grants and		Changes in		
Functions / Programs		Expenses		Services		ontributions		let Position	
		·						_	
Governmental activities									
Instruction:									
Regular programs	\$	5,033,190	\$	285,126	\$	125,855	\$	(4,622,209)	
Special programs		2,347,809		-		488,634		(1,859,175)	
Other instructional programs		1,057,990		1,700		87,198		(969,092)	
State retirement contributions		2,523,327		-		2,523,327		-	
Support services:									
Pupils		699,132		-		-		(699,132)	
Instructional staff		413,014		-		11,021		(401,993)	
General administration		849,148		-		-		(849,148)	
School administration		500,473		-		-		(500,473)	
Business		442,188		5,005		11,946		(425,237)	
Transportation		443,119		99,441		88,238		(255,440)	
Operations and maintenance		1,138,667		4,892		-		(1,133,775)	
Central		558,241		=		-		(558,241)	
Community services		1,143		-		-		(1,143)	
Interest and fees		50,458		-		-		(50,458)	
Unallocated depreciation		522,311		-		-		(522,311)	
Total governmental activities	\$	16,580,210	\$	396,164	\$	3,336,219		(12,847,827)	
	Ger	neral revenues:							
	T	axes:							
		Real estate ta	xes, le	vied for genera	l purp	ooses		12,750,039	
		Real estate ta	xes, le	evied for special	purp	oses		1,941,127	
		Real estate ta	xes, le	evied for debt se	rvice			759,122	
Personal property replacement taxes								401,194	
	S	tate aid-formu	la gra	nts				333,745	
	Iı	nvestment earr	ings					22,464	
	\mathbf{N}	discellaneous						200,838	
	Total general revenues							16,408,529	
	Change in net position							3,560,702	
	N	let position, be	ginni	ng of year, as re	estatec	l (See Note L)		15,517,584	
	N	let position, en	d of y	ear			\$	19,078,286	

Governmental Funds BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2014

	C 1	_	perations and	m		R	Municipal etirement /
	 General	N	Iaintenance	Tra	nsportation	-	Soc. Sec.
ASSETS							
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$ 9,914,895	\$	1,002,448	\$	273,978	\$	184,214
Interest	7,778		_		_		_
Property taxes	6,062,913		479,942		120,050		172,470
Replacement taxes	68,104		_		-		-
Intergovernmental	82,009		-		-		-
Prepaid Items	 22,973						
Total assets	\$ 16,158,672	\$	1,482,390	\$	394,028	\$	356,684
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 51,232	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other current liabilities	24,501		375		-		-
Unearned revenue	 104,278				48,415		-
Total liabilities	 180,011		375		48,415		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS							
Unavailable interest revenue	5,678		-		-		-
Unavailable property taxes	 6,062,913	_	479,942		120,050		172,470
Total deferred inflows	 6,068,591		479,942		120,050		172,470
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	22,973		-		-		-
Restricted	34		1,002,073		225,563		184,214
Unassigned	 9,887,063						
Total fund balance	 9,910,070		1,002,073		225,563		184,214
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,							
and fund balance	\$ 16,158,672	\$	1,482,390	\$	394,028	\$	356,684

	Debt Service	Capital	T-4-1
	Service	Projects	Total
\$	762,647	\$ 1,142,163	\$ 13,280,345
	_	_	7,778
	319,498	_	7,154,873
	-	_	68,104
	_	_	82,009
	_	_	22,973
		_	 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
\$	1,082,145	\$ 1,142,163	\$ 20,616,082
\$	-	\$ _	\$ 51,232
·	_	_	24,876
	-	_	152,693
			-
		 	 228,801
	-	-	5,678
	319,498	 	 7,154,873
	319,498	 	 7,160,551
	-	-	22,973
	762,647	1,142,163	3,316,694
		 	 9,887,063
	762,647	 1,142,163	 13,226,730
\$	1,082,145	\$ 1,142,163	\$ 20,616,082

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 13,226,730
Net capital assets used in governmental activities and included in the statement of net position do not require the expenditure of financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	7,144,888
Certain revenue receivables of the District recognized in the statement of net position do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the governmental funds balance sheet.	5,678
Interest payable included in the statement of net position is not related to a current period expenditure and, therefore, is not included in the governmental fund balance sheet.	(3,165)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, capital leases, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences included in the statement of net position are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not included in the governmental funds balance sheet.	(1,295,845)
Net position - governmental activities	\$ 19,078,286

${\it Governmental Funds}$ STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

								Municipal
_		Operations and General Maintenance				Transportation		Retirement / Soc. Sec.
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	12,750,039	\$	1,330,726	\$	226,067	\$	384,334
Replacement taxes		67,194		-		75,000		9,000
State aid		3,199,376		_		88,238		-,
Federal aid		382,350		_		-		_
Interest		18,041		_		_		_
Other		291,831		17,272	_	99,441		-
Total revenues		16,708,831		1,347,998		488,746		393,334
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular programs		4,950,156		-		-		74,235
Special programs		1,077,894		-		-		38,892
Other instructional programs		1,040,063		-		-		17,927
State retirement contributions		2,523,327		-		-		-
Support services:								
Pupils		673,337		-		-		25,795
Instructional staff		406,893		-		-		6,121
General administration		826,536		-		-		22,612
School administration		471,584		-		-		28,889
Business		418,834		-		-		23,354
Transportation		-		-		443,119		-
Operations and maintenance		-		1,068,249		-		70,418
Central		339,740		-		-		32,354
Community services		1,143		-		-		-
Nonprogrammed charges		1,231,023		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal		_		-		-		-
Interest and other		_		-		-		-
Capital outlay		241,949		25,664				-
Total expenditures		14,202,479		1,093,913		443,119		340,597
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		2,506,352		254,085	-	45,627		52,737
Other financing sources		155.050						
Capital lease proceeds		155,070		-	_	-	-	-
Total other financing sources		155,070		<u> </u>	_		_	-
Net change in fund balance		2,661,422		254,085		45,627		52,737
Fund balance, beginning of year		7,248,648		747,988		179,936	_	131,477
Fund balance, end of year	\$	9,910,070	\$	1,002,073	\$	225,563	\$	184,214

Debt		Capital		
Service		Projects		Total
		110,000		1000
\$ 759,122	\$	_	\$	15,450,288
250,000	Ψ	_	Ψ	401,194
-		_		3,287,614
-		-		382,350
-		-		18,041
		188,458		597,002
1,009,122		188,458		20,136,489
1,009,122		100,430		20,130,469
_		_		5,024,391
		_		1,116,786
_		_		1,057,990
_		_		2,523,327
				2,323,327
-		-		699,132
-		-		413,014
-		-		849,148
-		-		500,473
-		-		442,188
-		-		443,119
-		-		1,138,667
-		-		372,094
-		-		1,143
-		-		1,231,023
901,817		-		901,817
47,293		_		47,293
<u> </u>		-		267,613
949,110		-		17,029,218
60,012		188,458		3,107,271
	. <u> </u>			155,070
-		_		155,070
ZO 010		100 450		
60,012		188,458		3,262,341
702,635		953,705		9,964,389
\$ 762,647	\$	1,142,163	\$	13,226,730

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 3,262,341 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlay in the current period. (440,845)Accrued interest reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. (3,165)Certain revenues included in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are deferred in the fund statements. 4,423 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current

737,948

3,560,702

financial resources of governmental funds.

Change in net position - governmental activities

Agency Fund STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES June 30, 2014

	Student Activity Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 23,686
LIABILITIES	
Due to student groups	\$ 23,686

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of West Northfield School District 31 (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The District is located in Cook County, Illinois. The District is governed by an elected Board of Education. The Board of Education maintains final responsibility for all personnel, budgetary, taxing, and debt matters.

The District includes all funds of its operations that are controlled by or dependent upon the District, as determined on a basis of financial accountability. Financial accountability includes appointment of the organization's governing body, imposition of will, and fiscal dependency. The accompanying financial statements include only those funds of the District, as there are no organizations for which it has financial accountability.

Also, the District is not a component unit in any other governmental reporting entity, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

2. New Accounting Pronouncement

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* (GASB 65), which was implemented by the District during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This Statement established accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This Statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations.

Specific changes to the District's financial statements relate to the following: unearned and unavailable property taxes and interest revenue. Deferred property taxes are now reported as a deferred inflow of unavailable revenue rather than a liability. These reclassifications for reporting purposes had no impact on the net position of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Funds of the District are classified into the following categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the District's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds) and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service fund) and the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (capital projects fund). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the District not accounted for in some other fund.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District.

4. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

a. General Fund

The General Fund includes the Educational Account, the Working Cash Account, and the Tort Immunity and Judgment Account. The Educational Account is the District's primary operating account. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Working Cash Account is for the financial resources, held by the District, to be used as temporary interfund loans for working capital requirements. Money loaned by the Working Cash Account to other funds must be repaid within one year. As allowed by the School Code of Illinois, this Fund may be abolished and become part of the General (Educational Account) Fund or this Fund may be partially abated to any fund in need as long as the District maintains a balance in the Working Cash Account of at least .05% of the District's current equalized assessed valuation. The Tort Immunity and Judgment Account is used to account for revenues derived from a specific property levy and state reimbursement grants, and expenditures of these monies is for risk management activities.

b. Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those accounted for in the Debt Service or Capital Projects Funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Each of the District's special revenue funds has been established as a separate fund in accordance with the fund structure required by the state of Illinois for local educational agencies. These funds account for local property taxes restricted to specific purposes. A brief description of the District's special revenue funds is as follows:

Operations and Maintenance Fund - accounts for revenues and expenditures used for operations, repair, and maintenance of the District's building and land. Revenues consist primarily of local property taxes.

Transportation Fund - accounts for revenues and expenditures used for student transportation. Revenues are derived primarily from local property taxes, personal property replacement taxes, and state reimbursement grants.

Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund - accounts for the District's portion of pension contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, payments to Medicare, and payments to the Social Security System for noncertified employees. Revenues to finance contributions are derived primarily from local property taxes and personal property replacement taxes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

c. Debt Service Fund

The *Debt Service Fund* - is used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and personal property replacement taxes.

d. Capital Projects Fund

Capital Projects Fund - accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Revenues are derived from bonds proceeds or transfers from other funds.

e. Fiduciary Fund

The Fiduciary Fund accounts for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds.

Student Activity Funds (Agency Fund) - consists of the Student Activity Funds - these funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. These Funds account for assets held by the District which are owned, operated, and managed generally by the student body, under the guidance and direction of adults or a staff member, for educational, recreational, or cultural purposes. They account for activities such as student yearbook, student clubs and council, and scholarships.

5. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned, and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e. intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements, imposed by the provider, have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers most revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Revenues that are paid to the District by the Illinois State Board of Education are considered available if vouchered by year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property and replacement taxes, interest, and intergovernmental revenue associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports unearned/unavailable revenue on its financial statements. Unearned/unavailable revenue arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned/unavailable revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned/unavailable revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

6. Deferred Outflows / Deferred Inflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet may report deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position / fund balance that applies to a future period(s). At June 30, 2014, the District has no deferred outflows of resources. In addition to liabilities, the District may report deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of resources that is applicable to a future reporting period(s). At June 30, 2014, the District's unavailable property taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

7. Deposits and Investments

The Illinois Compiled Statutes require the District to utilize the investment services of the Township School Treasurer (the Treasurer). Investments are stated at fair value. Due to the nature of the District's investments, fair value approximates cost. No amortization is made to interest income for discounted federal securities. Gains and losses on the sale of investments are recorded as interest income at the date of sale or maturity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

8. Personal Property Replacement Taxes

Personal property replacement tax revenues are first allocated to the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund, with the balance at the discretion of the District.

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, building improvements, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of capital assets is provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	20 - 40
Building improvements	15 - 20
Equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	8

10. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are recorded at cost and amortized over the term of the underlying agreements. Reported prepaid expenditures are equally offset by fund balance reserves, which indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current net position.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts and losses on refunding of bonds, are deferred and amortized over the life of the applicable bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount or loss on refunding. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

11. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, losses on refunding, and bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance cost and losses on refunding are reported as debt service expenditures.

12. Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

13. Restricted Net Position

For the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either: (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or (3) by enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as these resources are needed.

14. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation Pay

Administrators and support staff are entitled to be compensated for vacation time. The liability for unused compensated absences is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Full or part-time educational support personnel who work at least 600 hours per year receive 10 paid sick leave days per year. Part-time employees will receive sick leave pay equivalent to their regular workday. Unused sick leave shall accumulate to the maximum number of days that the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) will recognize for retirement credit purposes. Certified employees earn sick days as of the date of hire. Unused sick leave days accumulate with no limit. When a certified employee resigns from the District, unused sick days are reported to the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

15. Budgetary Data

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for the General Fund which does not budget for on-behalf payments from the state of Illinois. Annual budgets are adopted at the fund level for the governmental funds. The annual budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year-end.

16. Fund Balance

The governmental funds report five components of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- a. *Nonspendable* includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The nonspendable in form criteria includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as prepaid items or inventories.
- b. *Restricted* refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Special revenue funds are by definition restricted for those specified purposes.
- c. Committed refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Education). The Board of Education commits fund balances by passing a resolution. Amounts committed cannot be used for any purpose unless the District removes or changes the specific use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those funds. The District does not have any committed fund balances at June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

16. Fund Balance (Continued)

- d. *Assigned* refers to amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted or committed. Intent may be expressed by the Board of Education or the individual the Board of Education delegates the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Board of Education delegated this authority to the Director of Business Services/CSBO. The District does not have any assigned fund balances at June 30, 2014.
- e. *Unassigned* refers to all spendable amounts not contained in the other four classifications described above. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Unless specifically identified, expenditures act to reduce restricted balances first, then committed balances, next assigned balances, and finally they act to reduce unassigned balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements, at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

The nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund consists of \$22,973 for prepaid items. The restricted fund balance in the General Fund is comprised of \$34, representing the remaining unspent portion of the restricted tort immunity levy. The remaining restricted fund balances are for the purpose of the restricted funds as described in Note A-4.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position</u>

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, capital leases, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences, included in the statement of net position are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not included in the governmental funds balance sheet." The details of this difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$	(950,000)
Compensated absences		(71,414)
Other postemployment benefits		(29,558)
Capital leases		(244,873)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balances - governmental funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ <u> </u>	(1,295,845)

2. <u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,</u> and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 81,466
Depreciation expense	 (522,311)
Net adjustment to decrease net change in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at change in net position -	
governmental activities	\$ (440,845)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. <u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities</u> (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Principal payments	
General obligation bonds	\$ 695,000
Capital lease	206,817
Capital lease additions	(155,070)
Other postemployment benefits (net change)	9,657
Compensated absences (net change)	 (18,456)
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at change in net position -	
governmental activities	\$ 737,948

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2014, the District's cash and investments consisted of the following:

	Governmental	Fiduciary	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 13,280,345	\$ 23,686 \$	13,304,031

Total

For disclosure purposes, this amount is segregated into three components at June 30, 2014, as follows:

		1 Otal
Deposits with financial institutions Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus The Illinois Funds		10,943,532 2,302,536 57,963
	\$	13,304,031

1. Cash and Investments Under the Custody of the Township Treasurer

The Treasurer's and the District's investment policy is in line with State Statutes. The investments that the District may purchase are limited by Illinois law to the following: (1) securities that are fully guaranteed by the U.S. government as to principal and interest; (2) certain U.S. government agency securities; (3) interest-bearing savings accounts, interest-bearing certificates of deposit or time deposits or any other investments constituting direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act; (4) short-term discount obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000; (5) interest-bearing bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation or school district; (6) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (7) the State Treasurer's Illinois and Prime Funds; and (8) money market mutual funds and certain other instruments.

The Illinois Compiled Statutes require the District to utilize the investment services of the Township School Treasurer (the Treasurer). As such, the Treasurer is the lawful custodian of these school funds. The Treasurer is appointed by the Township Treasurer's Board of Trustees, an independently elected body, to serve the school districts in the township. The investment policies are established by the Treasurer, as prescribed by the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Treasurer is the direct recipient of property taxes, replacement taxes, and most state and federal aid, and disburses school funds upon lawful order to the School Board. The Treasurer invests excess funds at his/her discretion, subject to the legal restrictions discussed below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

1. Cash and Investments Under the Custody of the Township Treasurer (Continued)

District cash and investments (other than the student activity, flexible benefit and imprest funds) are held by the Township Treasurer. Cash for all funds, including cash applicable to the Debt Service Fund and the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund, is not deemed available for purposes other than those for which these balances are intended.

The weighted average of all pooled investments held by the Treasurer was 0.2357, as of June 30, 2014. The Treasurer also holds money market type investments and deposits with financial institutions, including certificates of deposit. As of June 30, 2014, the fair value of the District's investments held by the Treasurer's office was \$10,799,400.

2. Interest Rate Risk

The District's investment policy, which is the same as the Treasurer's office, seeks to ensure preservation of capital in the District's overall portfolio. The highest return on investments is sought, consistent with the preservation of principal and prudent investment principles. The investment portfolio is required to provide sufficient liquidity to pay District obligations as they come due, considering maturity and marketability. The investment portfolio is also required to be diversified as to maturities and investments, as appropriate to the nature, purpose, and amount of funds.

3. Credit Risk

The Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus (ISDLAF+) is an unrated, not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois School Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from participating members. It is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments are valued at share price, which is the price for which the investment could be sold.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

3. Credit Risk (Continued)

The Illinois Funds, a state investment pool, was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The State Treasurer is the regulatory oversight agency for the pool and the State Treasurer is audited by the Illinois Auditor General to ensure that all state statutes are being followed. Each member owns a prorated share of each investment or deposit, which is held in the name of the fund. The fair value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

4. Cash and Investments in the Custody of the District

At June 30, 2014, the carrying value of the District's student activity, imprest, and flexible benefit funds was \$62,386, all of which was deposited with financial institutions.

5. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Treasurer's and the District's investment policy requires diversification of the investment portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from overconcentration in a particular type of security, risk factor, issuer, or maturity. The policy requires diversification strategies to be determined and revised periodically by the District's Investment Officer (Treasurer) to meet the District's ongoing need for safety, liquidity, and rate of return.

6. Custodial Risk

With respect to deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy limits the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits to be secured by collateral in the event of default or failure of the financial institution holding the funds. At June 30, 2014, the bank balance of the District's deposits with financial institutions totaled \$11,116,251.

NOTE D - PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

The District must file its tax levy resolution by the last Tuesday in December of each year. The tax levy resolution was approved by the Board on December 19, 2013. The District's property tax is levied each year on all taxable real property located in the District and becomes a lien on the property on January 1 of that year. The owner of real property on January 1 (the lien date) in any year is liable for taxes of that year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE D - PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

The Cook County Assessor is responsible for the assessment of all taxable property within Cook County except for certain railroad property, which is assessed directly by the state. One-third of the County is reassessed every year by the Assessor.

The Illinois Department of Revenue has the statutory responsibility of ensuring uniformity of real property assessments throughout the state. Each year, the Illinois Department of Revenue furnishes the county clerks with an adjustment factor to equalize the level of assessment between counties at one-third of market value. This factor (the equalization factor) is then applied to the assessed valuation to compute the valuation of property to which the tax rate will be applied (the equalized assessed valuation). The equalization factor for Cook County was 2.6621 for 2013.

The County Clerk adds the equalized assessed valuation of all real property in the District to the valuation of property assessed directly by the state (to which the equalization factor is not applied) to arrive at the base amount (the assessment base) used to calculate the annual tax rates, as described above. The equalized assessed valuation for the extension of the 2013 tax levy was \$505,935,060.

Property taxes are collected by the Cook County Treasurer/Collector who remits them to the School Treasurer. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments on March 1 and approximately August 1 during the following year. The first installment is an estimated bill, and is fifty-five percent of the prior year's tax bill. Property taxes are normally collected by the District within 60 days of the respective installment dates. The second installment is based on the current levy, assessment, and equalization, and any changes from the prior year will be reflected in the second installment bill.

The portion of the 2013 property tax levy not received by June 30 is recorded as receivable, net of estimated uncollectibles of 1%. The net receivable collected within the current year or due and expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, less the taxes collected soon enough after the end of the previous fiscal year, are recognized as revenue. Such time, thereafter, does not exceed 60 days. Net taxes receivable less the amount expected to be collected within 60 days is reflected as unavailable property taxes (deferred inflow).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Conital assets, not being depreciated	Balance July 1, 2013 As Restated		Increases	_	Decreases		Balance June 30, 2014
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land \$	81,393	\$	_	\$	_	\$	81,393
Construction in process	61,373	Ψ	50,241	Ψ	_	Ψ	50,241
Construction in process		-	30,241	-			30,241
Total capital assets, not being							
depreciated	81,393		50,241		_		131,634
		-		-			
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings	16,413,861		23,026		-		16,436,887
Building improvements	1,590,173		-		-		1,590,173
Equipment	1,875,419		8,199		-		1,883,618
Vehicles	35,501		-		-		35,501
		-		-			
Total capital assets, being depreciated	19,914,954		31,225		-		19,946,179
				-	_		_
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	9,773,113		391,133		-		10,164,246
Building improvements	998,410		78,687		-		1,077,097
Equipment	1,603,590		52,491		-		1,656,081
Vehicles	35,501		-		-		35,501
				-	_		_
Total accumulated depreciation	12,410,614		522,311		-		12,932,925
					_		_
Total capital assets, being depreciated,							
net	7,504,340		(491,086)	_			7,013,254
Governmental activities capital				· <u>-</u>			
assets, net \$	7,585,733	\$	(440,845)	\$	-	\$	7,144,888

See Note L for information regarding the prior period adjustment affecting capital assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE F - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is the long-term liability activity for the District, for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance						Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2013		Additions		Deletions	<u>J</u>	fune 30, 2014	One Year
Bonds payable	\$ 1,645,000	\$	-	\$	695,000	\$	950,000 \$	605,000
Capital leases	296,620		155,070		206,817		244,873	193,066
Other postemployment								
benefits	39,215		6,828		16,485		29,558	-
Compensated absences								
(as restated)	52,958	_	48,214	_	29,758	_	71,414	48,214
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 2,033,793	\$	210,112	\$	948,060	\$	1,295,845 \$	846,280

See Note L for information regarding the prior period adjustment affecting compensated absences.

1. General Obligation Bonds

The summary of activity in bonds payable for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Bonds Payable July 1, 2013	t Issued	_	Debt Retired	Bonds Payable June 30, 2014
\$2,695,000 GO Limited School Bonds Series 2010A, dated October 20, 2010, due January 1, 2016, interest at 2.00% -					
3.00%. \$	1,645,000	\$ -	\$_	695,000	\$ 950,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

NOTE F - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

1. General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

At June 30, 2014, the District's future cash flow requirements for retirement of bond principal and interest were as follows:

Year Ending June 30	_	Principal	 Interest	Total
2015 2016	\$	605,000 345,000	\$ 14,250 10,350	\$ 619,250 355,350
	\$	950,000	\$ 24,600	\$ 974,600

These payments will be made from amounts budgeted from the debt service tax levies in future periods. There is \$762,647 in the Debt Service Fund to service the outstanding bonds payable.

The District is subject to the Illinois School Code, which limits the bond indebtedness to 6.9% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation of the District. As of June 30, 2014, the statutory debt limit for the District was \$34,909,519 of which \$33,714,646 is fully available.

2. Capital Leases

The District currently has several lease agreements for financing the acquisition of computers and copiers. The computer leases require annual payments, while the copier leases require monthly installment payments for sixty consecutive months. The obligations for these loans will be repaid from the Debt Service Fund.

At June 30, 2014, the District's future cash flow requirements for the retirement of leases payable were as follows:

Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2015	Φ	•	Φ	5 067	Φ	100 022
2016	\$ _	193,066 51,807	\$ _	5,867 984	\$ _	198,933 52,791
	\$	244,873	\$	6,851	\$	251,724

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE G - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

The District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago.

The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action, with the Governor's approval. The state of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding the plan, but contributions from participating employers and members are also required. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS members include all active nonannuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher certification is required. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2014 was 9.4 percent of creditable earnings. The same contribution rate applies to members whose first contributing service is on or after January 1, 2011, the effective date of the benefit changes contained in Public Act 96-0889. These contributions, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, are submitted to TRS by the employer. The active member contribution rate was also 9.4 percent for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

The state of Illinois makes contributions directly to TRS on behalf of the District's TRS-covered employees.

On-behalf Contributions to TRS

The state of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2014, state of Illinois contributions were based on 35.41 percent of creditable earnings not paid from federal funds, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of \$2,455,490 in pension contributions that the state of Illinois paid directly to TRS. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, the state of Illinois contribution rates as percentages of creditable earnings not paid from federal funds were 28.05 percent, \$1,861,616 and 24.91 percent, \$1,565,756, respectively.

The District makes other types of employer contributions directly to TRS.

2.2 Formula Contributions

Employers contribute 0.58 percent of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. This rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$40,562. Contributions for the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, were \$38,742 and \$36,697 respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

NOTE G - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (Continued)

Federal and Special Trust Fund Contributions

When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the District, there is a statutory requirement for the District to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under a policy adopted by the TRS Board of Trustees that was first effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds will be the same as the state contribution rate to TRS. Public Act 98-0674 now requires the two rates to be the same.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the employer pension contribution was 35.41 percent of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the employer contribution was 28.05 and 24.91 percent, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2014, salaries totaling \$59,011 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required employer contributions of \$20,896. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, required District contributions were \$12,040 and \$10,306, respectively.

Early Retirement Option (ERO)

The District is also required to make one-time employer contributions to TRS for members retiring under the Early Retirement Option (ERO). The payments vary depending on the age and salary of the member.

The maximum employer ERO contribution is 146.5 percent and applies when the member is age 55 at retirement.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District paid \$0 to TRS for employer contributions under the ERO program. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, the District paid \$0 in employer ERO contributions.

Salary Increases Over 6 Percent and Excess Sick Leave

If the District grants salary increases over 6 percent and those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary, the District makes a contribution to TRS. The contribution will cover the difference in actuarial cost of the benefit based on actual salary increases and the benefit based on salary increases of up to 6 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District paid \$0 to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6 percent. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, the District paid \$0 to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6 percent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE G - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (Continued)

Salary Increases Over 6 Percent and Excess Sick Leave (Continued)

If the District grants sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment and those days are used as TRS service credit, the employer makes a contribution to TRS. The contribution is based on the number of excess sick leave days used as service credit, the highest salary rate reported by the granting employer during a four-year sick leave review period, and the TRS total normal cost rate (17.29 percent of salary during the year ended June 30, 2014).

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District paid \$0 to TRS for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal annual allotment. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, the District paid \$0.

Further Information on TRS

TRS financial information, an explanation of TRS benefits, and descriptions of member, employer, and state funding requirements can be found in the TRS *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* for the year ended June 30, 2013. The report for the year ended June 30, 2014 is expected to be available in late 2014.

The reports may be obtained by writing to the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois, 2815 West Washington Street, P.O. Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794-9253. The most current report is also available on the TRS Web site at http://trs.illinois.gov.

THIS Fund Employer Contributions

The District participates in the Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS) Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of retired Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but it does not provide vision, dental, or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state-administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Beginning February 1, 2014, annuitants who were enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in Medicare Advantage plans.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

NOTE G - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (Continued)

THIS Fund Employer Contributions (Continued)

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375) outlines the benefit provisions of the THIS Fund and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. Effective July 1, 2012, in accordance with Executive Order 12-01, the plan is administered by the Illinois Department of Central Management Services (CMS) with the cooperation of TRS. Section 6.6 of the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 requires all active contributors to TRS who are not employees of the state to make a contribution to the THIS Fund.

The percentage of employer-required contributions in the future will not exceed 105 percent of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year.

On-behalf Contributions to the THIS Fund

The state of Illinois makes employer retiree health insurance contributions on behalf of the District. State contributions are intended to match contributions to the THIS Fund from active members, which were 0.97 percent of pay during the year ended June 30, 2014. State of Illinois contributions were \$67,837, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount during the year.

State contributions intended to match active member contributions during the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012 were 0.92 percent and 0.88 percent of pay, respectively. State contributions on behalf of District employees were \$61,453 and \$55,678, respectively.

Employer Contributions to the THIS Fund

The District also makes contributions to the THIS Fund. The employer THIS Fund contribution was 0.72 percent during the years ended June 30, 2014, and 0.69 and 0.66 percent during the year ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District paid \$50,353 to the THIS Fund. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, the District paid \$46,090 and \$41,758 respectively, to the THIS Fund, which was 100 percent of the required contribution.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE G - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (Continued)

Further Information on the THIS Fund

The publicly available financial report of the THIS Fund may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General: http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/ABC-List.asp. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services." Prior reports are available under "Healthcare and Family Services."

2. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, postretirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District's plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent, multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy

As set by state statute, the District's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires the District to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The District annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2013 was 11.96 percent. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by state statute.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE G - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

2. <u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost

Information related to the employer's contributions are on a fiscal year basis. The actuarial and trend information are on a calendar basis as that is the year used by the IMRF. The required contribution for the fiscal year 2014 was \$147,506.

	Trend Info	ormation	
Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
06/30/14	\$ 147,506	100%	\$ -
06/30/13	141,906	100%	-
06/30/12	137,512	100%	-

The required contribution for 2013 was determined as part of the December 31, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2011 included (a) 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4 percent a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4 percent to 10 percent per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) postretirement benefit increases of 3 percent annually. The actuarial value of the District's regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20 percent corridor between the actuarial value and market value of assets. The District's regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2011 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30-year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the regular plan was 76.20 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,562,209 and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,952,430, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$609,779. The covered payroll for calendar year 2013 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,227,271 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 50 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE G - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

3. Social Security/Medicare

Employees not qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Teachers' Retirement System or the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are considered "nonparticipating employees". These employees and those qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are covered under Social Security/Medicare. The District paid the total required contribution for the current fiscal year.

NOTE H - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District currently provides postemployment benefits to three individuals. The agreements terminate when the individuals reach age 65. The amount paid by the District for the year ended June 30, 2014 approximated \$16,500.

NOTE I - JOINT AGREEMENTS

The District is a member of the Northern Suburban Special Education District (NSSED), a joint agreement that provides certain special education services to residents of many school districts. The District believes that, because it does not control the selection of the governing authority and because of the control over employment of management personnel, operation, scope of public service, and special financing relationships exercised by the joint agreement governing boards, these are not included as component units of the District.

NOTE J - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District purchases coverage against such risks and participates in the following public entity risk pools: Education Benefit Cooperative (EBC) for health benefit claims; School Employee Loss Fund (SELF) for worker's compensation claims; and Suburban School Cooperative Insurance Pool (SSCIP) for property damage and injury claims. The District pays annual premiums to the pools for insurance coverage. The arrangements with the pools provide that the pools will be self-sustaining through member premiums, and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of certain levels established by the pools. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage for the past three years.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including torts and professional liability insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

NOTE K - CONTINGENCIES

1. Litigation

The District is a defendant in various tax objection lawsuits, the outcome of which is presently not determinable. Although the District will continue to vigorously defend these lawsuits, an unfavorable outcome could have a significant effect on future tax revenues. With regard to other pending matters, the eventual outcome and related liability, if any, is not determinable at this time. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for settlement costs.

2. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, not to be significant.

NOTE L - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year, the District engaged a third party to perform a capital asset inventory. The inventory resulted in an adjustment to decrease the value of capital assets and net position of the District by \$4,402,448 at July 1, 2013. In addition, due to a provision in a retirement contract, compensated absences was adjusted by \$23,200, which increases long-term liabilities and decreases net position as of July 1, 2013. These adjustments affect government-wide net position only and have no effect on the individual fund statements.

NOTE M - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 10, 2014, the date that these financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined that no events or transactions, other than that described below, have occurred subsequent to the statement of position date that require additional disclosure in the financial statements.

Subsequent to year-end, the District entered into a three year capital lease agreement for computer equipment. Payments in the amount of \$39,244 will be made annually, beginning on July 20, 2014.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND $\underline{\text{June 30, 2014}}$

Actuarial Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(3) Funded Ratio (1) / (2)	(4) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2) - (1)	(5) Covere Payrol	•
12/31/13 12/31/12 12/31/11	\$ 1,952,430 1,770,677 1,486,324	\$ 2,562,20 2,515,84 2,327,53	9 70.38	745,172	\$ 1,227,2 1,195,7 1,195,7	727 62.32

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2013 is \$2,493,437. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 97.32%.

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with West Northfield School District 31. They do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		2014			
	Original and		Variance		
	Final		From	2013	
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues					
Local sources					
General levy	\$ 12,267,869	\$ 12,750,039	\$ 482,170 \$	9,115,474	
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	71,000	67,194	(3,806)	76,531	
Summer school tuition from pupils or parents	1,800	1,700	(100)	2,100	
Interest on investments	18,500	18,041	(459)	11,042	
Sales to pupils - a la carte	3,500	5,005	1,505	3,473	
Fees	113,000	134,924	21,924	48,418	
Rentals - regular textbook	80,000	82,584	2,584	82,387	
Contributions and donations from private sources	70,000	63,345	(6,655)	125,551	
Refund of prior years' expenditures	-	-	-	290	
Other	3,500	4,273	773	8,115	
Total local sources	12,629,169	13,127,105	497,936	9,473,381	
State sources					
General State Aid	320,000	333,745	13,745	302,026	
Special Education - Private Facility Tuition	26,000	28,383	2,383	19,980	
Special Education - Extraordinary	100,000	107,568	7,568	115,539	
Special Education - Personnel	150,000	156,855	6,855	159,971	
Special Education - Summer School	-	1,064	1,064	817	
Bilingual Ed Downstate - T.P.I. and T.P.E.	65,000	47,698	(17,302)	28,126	
Other state sources	650	736	86	629	
Total state sources	661,650	676,049	14,399	627,088	

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

*				2014				
	Orig	ginal and			Variance From			
		Final						2013
	Е	Budget		Actual	Fi	nal Budget		Actual
Federal sources								
Special Milk Program	\$	8,500	\$	11,946	\$	3,446	\$	11,809
Title I - Low Income		148,000		125,855		(22,145)		84,047
Federal - Special Education - Pre-School Flow Through		5,404		5,408		4		4,804
Federal - Special Education - I.D.E.A Flow Through		124,102		122,696		(1,406)		134,045
Federal - Special Education - I.D.E.A Room and Board		50,000		44,081		(5,919)		74,651
Title III - English Language Acquisition		23,400		39,500		16,100		5,865
Learn & Serve America		-		-		-		1,173
Title II - Teacher Quality		28,070		10,285		(17,785)		9,356
Medicaid Matching Funds - Fee-For-Service-Program		20,000		22,579		2,579		23,846
Total federal sources		407,476		382,350		(25,126)		349,596
Total revenues	13	,698,295	_	14,185,504		487,209		10,450,065
Expenditures								
Instruction								
Regular programs								
Salaries	4	,244,500		4,220,798		23,702		4,104,904
Employee benefits		642,335		572,449		69,886		560,741
Purchased services		5,500		3,716		1,784		3,763
Supplies and materials		154,150		127,530		26,620		137,900
Capital outlay		3,025		3,015		10		137,261
Other objects		3,625		1,978		1,647		2,043
Non-capitalized equipment		1,500		862		638		2,102
Termination benefits		22,830		22,823		7		34,145
Total	5	5,077,465		4,953,171		124,294		4,982,859

General Fund - Budgetary Basis SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

· · · · ·	***	2014						
	Original and Final		Variance From		2013			
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget		Actual			
Special education programs								
Salaries	\$ 738,500	\$ 778,444	\$ (39,944)	\$	631,037			
Employee benefits	166,735	153,304	13,431		123,591			
Purchased services	5,100	5,184	(84)		2,819			
Supplies and materials	16,375	7,943	8,432		6,586			
Total	926,710	944,875	(18,165)		764,033			
CTE programs								
Purchased services	8,800	6,678	2,122		6,678			
Supplies and materials	10,300	8,619	1,681		6,881			
Non-capitalized equipment	1,000		1,000		1,084			
Total	20,100	15,297	4,803		14,643			
Interscholastic programs								
Salaries	144,405	134,068	10,337		129,835			
Employee benefits	1,791	1,205	586		1,498			
Purchased services	10,500	6,510	3,990		5,532			
Supplies and materials	24,285	16,724	7,561		13,496			
Total	180,981	158,507	22,474		150,361			
Summer school programs								
Salaries	23,830	6,477	17,353		8,268			
Employee benefits	4,568	1,088	3,480		7			
Supplies and materials	300		300		-			
Total	28,698	7,565	21,133		8,345			
Gifted programs								
Salaries	105,200	105,129	71		104,669			
Employee benefits	8,935	8,717	218		8,092			
Purchased services	500	-	500		99			
Supplies and materials	4,900	1,925	2,975		3,616			
Total	119,535	115,771	3,764		116,476			

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

-		2014		_
	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2013
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Bilingual programs				
Salaries	\$ 641,453	\$ 630,917	\$ 10,536	\$ 541,295
Employee benefits	133,325	104,341	28,984	73,943
Purchased services	750	258	492	-
Supplies and materials	8,600	7,407	1,193	8,286
Total	784,128	742,923	41,205	623,524
Special education programs K-12 - private tuition	136,250	133,019	3,231	137,118
Total instruction	7,273,867	7,071,128	202,739	6,797,359
Support services				
Pupils				
Attendance and social work services				
Salaries	155,550	154,711	839	148,074
Employee benefits	22,479	34,076	(11,597)	21,582
Supplies and materials	800	955	(155)	762
Total	178,829	189,742	(10,913)	170,418
Health services				
Salaries	98,546	95,864	2,682	78,990
Employee benefits	18,930	18,696	234	18,048
Purchased services	300	126	174	148
Supplies and materials	1,800	1,955	(155)	1,993
Other objects	1,000	113	887	936
Total	120,576	116,754	3,822	100,115

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

*	ctual Philodinas for the Total El	2014		
	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2013
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Psychological services				
Salaries	\$ 125,900	\$ 125,498	\$ 402	\$ 121,740
Employee benefits	20,220	19,620	600	19,114
Purchased services	7,500	1,816	5,684	2,350
Supplies and materials	1,900	1,165	735	1,582
Total	155,520	148,099	7,421	144,786
Speech pathology and				
audiology services				
Salaries	165,250	146,918	18,332	158,382
Employee benefits	20,470	20,328	142	14,929
Purchased services	1,400	400	1,000	-
Supplies and materials	=	1,726	(1,726)	1,117
Termination benefits				4,090
Total	187,120	169,372	17,748	178,518
Other support services - pupils				
Salaries	54,500	49,137	5,363	45,168
Employee benefits	310	233	77	201
Total	54,810	49,370	5,440	45,369
Total pupils	697,555	673,337	24,218	639,206
Instructional staff				
Improvement of instruction services				
Salaries	93,571	72,508	21,063	38,876
Employee benefits	4,260	861	3,399	1,102
Purchased services	131,277	75,504	55,773	57,371
Supplies and materials	1,650	493	1,157	1,156
Total	230,758	149,366	81,392	98,505

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		2014					_	
	Origin	Original and			Va	riance	-	
	Final			From			2013	
	Bu	dget		Actual	Fina	l Budget		Actual
Educational media services								
Salaries	\$ 1	83,900	\$	183,031	\$	869	\$	172,452
Employee benefits		29,740		28,156		1,584		29,899
Purchased services		2,050		750		1,300		1,466
Supplies and materials		22,300		21,080		1,220		22,013
Non-capitalized equipment		500		-		500		-
Termination benefits		10,195		10,191		4		9,614
Total	2	48,685		243,208		5,477		235,444
Assessment and testing								
Salaries		1,500		-		1,500		-
Purchased services		12,500		11,447		1,053		11,908
Supplies and materials		1,500		2,872		(1,372)		1,356
Total		15,500		14,319		1,181		13,264
Total instructional staff	4	94,943		406,893		88,050		347,213
General administration								
Board of education services								
Salaries		2,780		2,779		1		2,701
Purchased services	1	55,500		131,869		23,631		137,619
Supplies and materials		5,500		3,658		1,842		6,498
Other objects		12,000		13,355		(1,355)		8,471
Total	1	75,780		151,661		24,119		155,289

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	2014							
	Oı	riginal and			V	ariance	•	
	Final					From	2013	
		Budget		Actual	Fina	al Budget		Actual
Executive administration services								
Salaries	\$	294,650	\$	294,621	\$	29	\$	288,949
Employee benefits		63,825		63,644		181		62,477
Purchased services		6,600		6,554		46		6,476
Supplies and materials		2,850		2,335		515		2,859
Other objects		3,000		5,128		(2,128)		2,805
Termination benefits		21,673		21,662		11		20,180
Total		392,598		393,944		(1,346)		383,746
Special area administrative services								
Salaries		85,750		85,553		197		149,144
Employee benefits		26,325		25,256		1,069		44,086
Purchased services		90,500		78,915		11,585		250
Supplies and materials		200		106		94		46
Capital outlay		350		-		350		-
Other objects								241
Total		203,125		189,830		13,295		193,767
Tort immunity services								
Purchased services		155,100		91,101		63,999		100,724
Total		155,100		91,101		63,999		100,724
Total general administration		926,603		826,536		100,067		833,526

General Fund - Budgetary Basis SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

-				
	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2013
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
School administration				
Office of the principal services				
Salaries	\$ 348,720	\$ 350,899	\$ (2,179) \$	415,668
Employee benefits	153,425	97,265	56,160	100,032
Purchased services	2,500	3,230	(730)	1,267
Supplies and materials	9,050	10,050	(1,000)	9,444
Other objects	750	970	(220)	220
Termination benefits	9,200	9,170	30	554
Total	523,645	471,584	52,061	527,185
Total school administration	523,645	471,584	52,061	527,185
Business				
Direction of business support services				
Salaries	147,500	147,382	118	138,736
Employee benefits	45,200	44,652	548	42,852
Purchased services	3,000	1,709	1,291	1,674
Supplies and materials	700	38	662	498
Other objects	500	345	155	486
Total	196,900	194,126	2,774	184,246
Fiscal services				
Salaries	87,200	87,082	118	84,121
Employee benefits	16,162	16,107	55	15,747
Purchased services	11,750	12,807	(1,057)	12,397
Supplies and materials	350	240	110	20
Other objects	600	285	315	150
Total	116,062	116,521	(459)	112,435
Food services				
Supplies and materials	14,300	11,943	2,357	11,983
Capital outlay	5,000	3,293	1,707	-,, -
Total	19,300	15,236	4,064	11,983
	_	_	_	(Continued)

General Fund - Budgetary Basis SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

•	2014			
	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2013
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Internal services				
Purchased services	\$ 85,075	\$ 80,456	\$ 4,619	\$ 78,340
	20,000	15,788	4,019	18,579
Supplies and materials		13,766	4,212	10,575
Total	105,075	96,244	8,831	96,919
Total business	437,337	422,127	15,210	405,583
Central				
Information services				
Salaries	21,500	1,245	20,255	56,495
Employee benefits	-	-	-	17,378
Purchased services	7,250	852	6,398	5,41
Supplies and materials	300	85	215	104
Total	29,050	2,182	26,868	79,388
Staff services				
Salaries	9,550	9,546	4	9,179
Employee benefits	2,309	2,301	8	2,250
Purchased services	1,500	3,974	(2,474)	1,432
Other objects	250		250	
Total	13,609	15,821	(2,212)	12,861
Data processing services				
Salaries	162,000	157,953	4,047	122,718
Employee benefits	27,705	25,759	1,946	17,99′
Purchased services	111,850	81,110	30,740	92,683
Supplies and materials	54,000	56,915	(2,915)	23,153
Capital outlay	30,000	235,641	(205,641)	48,31
Total	385,555	557,378	(171,823)	304,87
Total central	428,214	575,381	(147,167)	397,11
Total support services	3,509,297	3,375,858	133,439	3,149,832

General Fund - Budgetary Basis SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

That comparative rectain random	2014				
	Original and		Variance	-	
	Final	1	From	2013	
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	
Community services					
Purchased services	\$ 1,586	\$ 1,143	\$ 443	\$ 800	
Total	1,586	1,143	443	800	
Payments to other districts and government units					
Payments for special education programs					
Other objects	1,522,329	1,231,023	291,306	1,088,515	
Total payments to other districts and					
other government units	1,522,329	1,231,023	291,306	1,088,515	
Total expenditures	12,357,079	11,679,152	677,927	11,036,506	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,341,216	2,506,352	1,165,136	(586,441)	
Other financing sources					
Permanent transfer from Operations and Maintenance Fund	-	-	-	1,000,000	
Capital lease proceeds		155,070	155,070	137,261	
Total other financing sources		155,070	155,070	1,137,261	
Net change to fund balance	\$ 1,341,216	2,661,422	\$ 1,320,206	550,820	
Fund balance, beginning of year		7,248,648		6,697,828	
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 9,910,070		\$ 7,248,648	

Operations and Maintenance Fund
SHEDULE OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

1				
	Original and		Variance	•
	Final		From	2013
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues				
Local sources				
General levy	\$ 1,595,704	\$ 1,330,726	\$ (264,978)	\$ 1,454,990
Rentals	5,000	4,892	(108)	4,590
Contributions and donations from private sources	1,000	-	(1,000)	-
Other	8,000	12,380	4,380	4,770
Total local sources	1,609,704	1,347,998	(261,706)	1,464,350
Total revenues	1,609,704	1,347,998	(261,706)	1,464,350
Expenditures				
Business				
Operation and maintenance				
of plant services				
Salaries	392,400	370,944	21,456	341,410
Employee benefits	94,865	94,534	331	87,128
Purchased services	322,250	307,193	15,057	292,135
Supplies and materials	278,700	288,923	(10,223)	244,198
Capital outlay	66,500	25,664	40,836	23,980
Other objects	25,750	95	25,655	-
Non-capitalized equipment	500	6,560	(6,060)	370
Total business	1,180,965	1,093,913	87,052	989,221
Total support services	1,180,965	1,093,913	87,052	989,221
Total expenditures	1,180,965	1,093,913	87,052	989,221

Operations and Maintenance Fund SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	2014							
	Oı	riginal and				Variance		
		Final				From		2013
		Budget		Actual	Fi	nal Budget		Actual
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	428,739	\$	254,085	\$	(174,654)	\$	475,129
Other financing uses								
Permanent transfer to General Fund							((1,000,000)
Total other financing uses							((1,000,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	428,739		254,085	\$	(174,654)		(524,871)
Fund balance, beginning of year				747,988				1,272,859
Fund balance, end of year			\$	1,002,073			\$	747,988

Transportation Fund

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

2014				
	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2013
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues				
Local sources				
General levy	\$ 191,378	\$ 226,067	\$ 34,689	\$ 144,973
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	75,000	75,000	-	100,001
Regular transportation fees from pupils or parents	107,000	99,441	(7,559)	103,108
Total local sources	373,378	400,508	27,130	348,082
State sources				
Transportation - special education	95,000	88,238	(6,762)	123,803
Total state sources	95,000	88,238	(6,762)	123,803
Total revenues	468,378	488,746	20,368	471,885
Expenditures				
Support services				
Business				
Pupil transportation services				
Purchased services	428,000	443,119	(15,119)	364,792
Total support services	428,000	443,119	(15,119)	364,792
Total expenditures	428,000	443,119	(15,119)	364,792
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 40,378	45,627	\$ 5,249	107,093
Fund balance, beginning of year		179,936		72,843
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 225,563		\$ 179,936

Municipal Retirement / Social Security Fund SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		2014		
	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2013
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues				
Local sources				
General levy	\$ 97,821	\$ 93,672	\$ (4,149)	\$ 123,258
Social security/medicare only levy	292,457	290,662	(1,795)	203,663
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	9,000	9,000		9,000
Total local sources	399,278	393,334	(5,944)	335,921
Total revenues	399,278	393,334	(5,944)	335,921
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Regular programs	80,445	74,235	6,210	68,747
Special education programs	40,825	38,892	1,933	34,498
Interscholastic programs	4,260	3,661	599	3,455
Summer school programs	440	146	294	111
Bilingual programs	14,890	14,120	770	10,967
Total instruction	140,860	131,054	9,806	117,778
Support services				
Pupils				
Attendance and social work services	3,990	4,025	(35)	3,666
Health services	11,995	13,022	(1,027)	12,261
Psychological services	1,825	1,813	12	1,744
Speech pathology and audiology services	2,400	2,111	289	2,161
Other support services -pupils	5,925	4,824	1,101	3,852
Total pupils	26,135	25,795	340	23,684
2 2				(Continued)

Municipal Retirement / Social Security Fund SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2013
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Instructional staff				
Improvement of instruction services	\$ 1,360	\$ 2,558	\$ (1,198)	\$ 584
Educational media services	5,375	3,563	1,812	4,780
Total instructional staff	6,735	6,121	614	5,364
General administration				
Board of education services	547	728	(181)	523
Executive administration services	16,026	15,966	60	17,092
Special area administrative services	6,015	5,918	97	11,450
Total general administration	22,588	22,612	(24)	29,065
School administration				
Office of the principal services	29,950	28,889	1,061	30,477
Total school administration	29,950	28,889	1,061	30,477

Municipal Retirement / Social Security Fund SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2013
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Business				
Direction of business support services	\$ 6,975	\$ 6,808	\$ 167	\$ 6,587
Fiscal services	16,925	16,546	379	15,850
Operation and maintenance of plant services	72,275	70,418	1,857	63,314
Total business	96,175	93,772	2,403	85,751
Central				
Information services	4,250	95	4,155	10,938
Staff services	1,865	1,800	65	1,119
Data processing services	31,450	30,459	991	23,664
Total central	37,565	32,354	5,211	35,721
Total support services	219,148	209,543	9,605	210,062
Total expenditures	360,008	340,597	19,411	327,840
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 39,270	52,737	\$ 13,467	8,081
Fund balance, beginning of year		131,477		123,396
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 184,214		\$ 131,477

(Concluded)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2014

1. LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for the general fund which does not budget for on-behalf payments from the state of Illinois. Annual budgets are adopted at the fund level for the governmental funds. The annual budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. The Board of Education follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The Administration submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b) Public hearings are conducted and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain comments.
- c) By September 30, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. By the last Tuesday in December each year, a tax levy resolution is filed with the County Clerk to obtain tax revenues.
- d) Management is authorized to transfer budget amounts, provided that funds are transferred between the same function and object codes. The Board of Education is authorized to transfer up to a legal level of 10% of the total budget between functions within a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education after the public hearing process mandated by law.
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the governmental funds.
- f) The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are as originally adopted, by the Board of Education, on September 19, 2013.
- g) All budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

2. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGETS

The following fund had expenditures in excess of budget at June 30, 2014:

Fund		Variance
Transportation	\$	15,119

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION $\underline{\text{June } 30,2014}$

3. BUDGET RECONCILIATION

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund (GAAP basis) includes "on-behalf" payments received and made for the amounts contributed by the State of Illinois for the employer's share of the Teachers' Retirement System pension. The District does not budget for these amounts. The differences between the budget and GAAP basis are as follows:

	_	Revenues	 Expenditures
General fund - budgetary basis To adjust for on-behalf payments received To adjust for on-behalf payments made	\$	14,185,504 2,523,327	\$ 11,679,152 - 2,523,327
To adjust for on-behan payments made	-		 2,323,321
	\$	16,708,831	\$ 14,202,479

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

General Fund COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2014

	Educational Account		•			Working Cash Account		Total	
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	1,909,219	\$	34	\$	8,005,642	\$	9,914,895	
Interest		7,778		_		-		7,778	
Property taxes		6,062,721		-		192		6,062,913	
Replacement taxes		68,104		-		-		68,104	
Intergovernmental		82,009		-		-		82,009	
Prepaid Items	_	22,973				-		22,973	
Total assets	\$	8,152,804	\$	34	\$	8,005,834	\$	16,158,672	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	51,232	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,232	
Other current liabilities		24,501		-		-		24,501	
Unearned revenue	_	104,278						104,278	
Total liabilities		180,011						180,011	
DEFERRED INFLOWS									
Unavailable interest revenue		5,678		_		_		5,678	
Unavailable property taxes	_	6,062,721				192		6,062,913	
Total deferred inflows		6,068,399				192		6,068,591	
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		22,973		-		-		22,973	
Restricted		-		34		-		34	
Unassigned		1,881,421		-		8,005,642		9,887,063	
Total fund balance	_	1,904,394		34		8,005,642		9,910,070	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance	Φ	Q 152 QAA	•	24	¢	g nns 924	•	16 159 670	
and fund parallet	\$	8,152,804	\$	34	\$	8,005,834	\$	16,158,672	

General Fund

${\bf COMBINING\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES,}$

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Educational Account	Tort Immunity and Judgment Account	Working Cash Account	Total
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 12,749,780	-	\$ 259	\$ 12,750,039
Replacement taxes	67,19		ψ 23 <i>)</i>	67,194
State aid	3,199,370		_	3,199,376
Federal aid	382,350		_	382,350
Interest	18,04		-	18,041
Other	291,83		<u> </u>	291,831
Total revenues	16,708,572		259	16,708,831
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular programs	4,950,150	· -	-	4,950,156
Special programs	1,077,894		-	1,077,894
Other instructional programs	1,040,063		-	1,040,063
State retirement contributions	2,523,32		_	2,523,327
Support services:	, ,			, ,
Pupils	673,33	7 -	_	673,337
Instructional staff	406,893		_	406,893
General administration	826,530		_	826,536
School administration	471,584		_	471,584
Business	418,834		_	418,834
Central	339,740		_	339,740
Community services	1,143		_	1,143
Nonprogrammed charges	1,231,023		_	1,231,023
Capital outlay	241,949			241,949
Total expenditures	14,202,479	<u> </u>		14,202,479
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	2,506,093		259	2,506,352
Other financing sources				
Capital lease proceeds	155,070		-	155,070
Total other financing sources	155,070			155,070
Net change in fund balance	2,661,163	-	259	2,661,422
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(756,769	9)34	8,005,383	7,248,648
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,904,394	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u> 34	\$ 8,005,642	\$ 9,910,070

Debt Service Fund

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative rectain rin	2014					
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget	2013 Actual		
Revenues						
Local sources						
General levy Corporate personal property replacement taxes Contributions and donations from private sources	\$ 821,394 250,000	\$ 759,122 250,000	\$ (62,272) - -	\$ 689,795 211,061 28,000		
Total local sources	1,071,394	1,009,122	(62,272)	928,856		
Total revenues	1,071,394	1,009,122	(62,272)	928,856		
Expenditures						
Debt service						
Bonds - interest Other interest	49,400	35,450 11,327	13,950	49,100 20,186		
Total debt service - interest	49,400	46,777	13,950	69,286		
Principal payments on long-term debt	921,300	901,817	19,483	889,435		
Other debt service Other objects		516	(516)	515		
Total		516	(516)	515		
Total debt service	970,700	949,110	21,590	959,236		
Total expenditures	970,700	949,110	21,590	959,236		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ 100,694	60,012	\$ (40,682)	(30,380)		
Fund balance, beginning of year		702,635		733,015		
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 762,647		\$ 702,635		

Capital Projects Fund

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original and		Variance	•
	Final		From	2013
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues				
Local sources				
Interest on investments	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ (5,000)	\$ -
Impact fees from municipal or county governments	171,000	188,458	17,458	47,496
Total local sources	176,000	188,458	12,458	47,496
Total revenues	176,000	188,458	12,458	47,496
Expenditures				
Support services				
Facilities acquisition and construction services				
Capital outlay	310,000	_	310,000	160,427
Cupital outlay			210,000	100,127
Total support services	310,000		310,000	160,427
Provision for contingencies	200,000		200,000	
Total expenditures	510,000		510,000	160,427
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (334,000)	188,458	\$ 522,458	(112,931)
Fund balance, beginning of year		953,705		1,066,636
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 1,142,163		\$ 953,705

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND - STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	Balance June 30, 2013		Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	29,579	\$	26,307	\$	32,200 \$	23,686
Liabilities							
Due to student groups							
Winkleman							
Misc.	\$	2,464	\$	4,192	\$	4,474 \$	2,182
Student Council		4,077		324		1,235	3,166
Pictures		2,775		1,870		1,683	2,962
Interest		11		-		-	11
Total Winkleman	_	9,327	-	6,386	-	7,392	8,321
Field School							
Miscellaneous		2,485		2,331		3,901	915
Pictures		3,733		730		408	4,055
WCWIO		87		_		_	87
6th Grade		5,229		-		4,736	493
7th Grade		216		-		140	76
8th Grade		772		100		-	872
Student Council		812		1,977		2,263	526
Computer Fair		176		-		-	176
Play		778		887		1,022	643
Cheer Fund		704		-		150	554
School Bust Ptnr		458		-		-	458
5K Run		-		10,232		10,148	84
Interest		178		9		-	187
Senior Grant		3,838		3,655		2,000	5,493
Gardent Grant		786		-		40	746
Total Field School	_	20,252	-	19,921	-	24,808	15,365
Total due to student groups	\$_	29,579	\$	26,307	\$_	32,200 \$	23,686

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (Unaudited)

PROPERTY TAX RATES - LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST FIVE TAX LEVY YEARS

	_	2013		2012	2011	2010	2009
Assessed Valuation	\$_	505,935,060	\$ =	568,579,540 \$	588,042,363 \$	679,485,319 \$	814,495,058
Rates Extended							
Educational		2.4961		2.0283	1.5065	1.3178	1.0786
Operations and Maintenance		0.1977		0.2638	0.2952	0.2323	0.1762
Bond and Interest		0.1315		0.1362	0.1296	0.1674	0.1877
Transportation		0.0494		0.0317	0.0244	0.0192	0.0145
Municipal Retirement		0.0168		0.0162	0.0307	0.0242	0.0183
Social Security		0.0543		0.0484	0.0307	0.0242	0.0183
Working Cash	_	0.0001	_		-		
Total rates extended	=	2.9459	=	2.5246	2.0171	1.7851	1.4936
Levies Extended							
Educational	\$	12,628,851	\$	11,532,400 \$	8,858,814 \$	8,954,388 \$	8,784,881
Operations and Maintenance		1,000,000		1,500,000	1,736,096	1,578,269	1,434,790
Bond and Interest		665,417		774,270	762,090	1,137,505	1,528,800
Transportation		250,000		180,000	143,325	130,295	118,450
Municipal Retirement		85,000		92,000	180,714	164,285	149,350
Social Security		274,500		275,000	180,714	164,285	149,350
Working Cash	_	500	_				
Total levies extended	\$	14,904,268 \$	ĥ	14,353,670 \$	11,861,753 \$	12,129,027 \$	12,165,621
Total 10,100 extended	Ψ=	1,501,200 q	=	Σ 1,555,070 φ	11,001,700 ψ	12,127,027 φ	12,103,021
Total collections	\$_	7,600,307	\$ =	14,140,417 \$	11,623,393 \$	11,894,149 \$	11,974,510
Percentage of extensions collected	ed _	50.99%	_	98.51%	97.99%	98.06%	98.43%

Note: Tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of assessed valuation.

OPERATING COSTS AND TUITION CHARGE JUNE 30, 2014 AND 2013

		2014		2013
Operating costs per pupil				
Average Daily Attendance (ADA):	_	788.71	_	773.16
Operating costs:				
Educational	\$	11,679,152	\$	11,027,501
Operations and Maintenance		1,093,913		989,221
Debt Service		949,110		959,236
Transportation		443,119		364,792
Municipal Retirement/Social Security		340,597		327,840
Tort		-		9,005
Subtotal		14,505,891		13,677,595
Less Revenues/Expenditures of Nonregular Programs:				
Tuition		133,019		137,118
Debt service - payments of principal on long-term debt		901,817		889,435
Summer school		7,711		8,456
Community Services		1,143		800
Capital outlay		267,613		209,560
Non-capitalized equipment		7,422		3,556
Payments to other Districts and Gov't Units		1,231,023		1,088,515
Subtotal		2,549,748		2,337,440
Operating costs	\$	11,956,143	\$	11,340,155
Operating costs per pupil - based on ADA	\$	15,159	\$	14,667
Tuition Charge				
Operating costs	\$	11,956,143	\$	11,340,155
Less - revenues from specific programs, such as special education or lunch programs		1,134,329		1,035,633
Net operating costs		10,821,814		10,304,522
Depreciation allowance		523,053		539,795
Allowance tuition costs	\$	11,344,867	\$	10,844,317
Tuition charge per pupil - based on ADA	\$	14,384	\$	14,026